

STOCK FOODS

AND CONDITION POWDERS AND WHAT THEY COST.

Hundreds of Dollars Are Paid Per Ton for Some That Does Not Cost Twenty.

The large amount of hard cash paid out by the farmers and other stock owners of this State for patent stock foods and condition powders renders the fullest information concerning their composition and merits desirable. If these compounds possess any value it must be as either food or medicine. At one time the manufacturers of many of them made strong claims as to their food value, as indicated by the names they bear, but the work of the chemist easily showed their rather low food values, and it accordingly became necessary for the manufacturers to modify their original claims.

At present most of the stock food manufacturers base their claims for patronage on the alleged value of the compounds as conditioners and medicines. It was too easy for the chemist and feeders to determine their true food value. Apparently became necessary, in order to maintain their sale, to transfer them to the uncertain and intangible field of medicine. The mystery and popular ignorance concerning medical practice make it a much more secure field in which to exploit fictitious claims. As medicinal or condimental agents, it is claimed that these patent compounds prevent certain diseases, cure a large variety of others, and enable the animals to digest more food and make better use of it.

Let us briefly consider these claims. The first step in this will be to ascertain just what these powders contain. Fortunately, the Experiment Stations have furnished this information in such a way as to preclude any probability of error. Massachusetts, Connecticut and North Carolina published bulletins on this subject so nearly at the same time as to make it certain that the work was done independently and without any knowledge of one another's results, and the close agreement of their findings gives additional assurance of their accuracy.

During the past year or two, International Stock Food has been extensively advertised and considerable of it sold in this State. For this reason, let us select this compound as an example and give its composition as published in the bulletins just referred to. According to the Connecticut Experiment Station, Bulletin No. 132 International Stock Food contains wheat feed, cayenne, salt, charcoal and some bitter drug; Massachusetts, Bulletin, No. 71, says it contains wheat oil, pepper, salt, charcoal and some material rich in protein, and the December Bulletin of the North Carolina Department of Agriculture says it consists of wheat bran, red pepper, charcoal and linseed meal. It will be noticed that all agree that a wheat product of some sort is the principal ingredient. Pepper and charcoal are also found by all three; while salt and a material rich in protein—linseed meal by North Carolina—are found by two, and a bitter drug by one. This is, indeed, a remarkable unanimity of results.

We are now in a position to judge of the accuracy of the claims made for these compounds. There are two ways of doing that. First, after the chemist and the microscopist have told us the ingredients they contain, the medical man may judge of their value or effect, when used in medical practice; from his knowledge of medical science. Judged on this basis, we give it as our professional opinion that wheat bran, salt, pepper, charcoal, etc., possess no marked medicinal virtue for either prevention or cure of diseases; but if any one does not care to accept our opinion, we ask him to go to his family physician, in whom he has confidence, and ask him if these substances are of much value as medicines, and we are willing to abide by his reply.

The second method of judging of the value of these condimental stock foods or condition powders is by actual trials or feeding tests, but it may be stated that no trial is either practical or worthy the name of a test unless the food and the animals are both weighed, and unless another lot of animals of the same quality, age, size and condition, and kept and otherwise fed in the same manner, are compared with those received the condimental foods. Fortunately, several tests of this sort have been made, and while made by those whom the manufacturers sneeringly term theoretical feeders, are the only real practical tests made of the feeding value of these patent foods. Two tests have been made at the Kansas Experiment Station with dairy cows with the following results:

For the first test, thirteen cows were divided into two lots as nearly equal as possible, based on the yield of milk and butter fat for the preceding month. The two lots received exactly the same kind and amount of feed, except that one lot was given "Aome Stock Food" according to the manufacturer's directions. The result of a one month test was that the butter fat produced by the lot receiving the "Stock Food" cost 14.63, per pound; while the butter fat produced by the lot receiving no condimental food cost 12.36, per pound.

The second test was with twenty cows divided into two lots, as in the first test, and the result of a two-month test was that the lot receiving "Globe Stock Food" produced butter fat at a cost of 70, per pound more than the lot which received no such food.

The Iowa Experiment Station also made a test of the value of these condimental foods and several well known concentrated feeding stuffs when added to a corn ration for the fattening of steers.

There were ten lots of twenty-two steers each, selected so as to make them all as near equal as possible. Of the ten lots, three were fed patent stock foods. The lot showing the lowest net profits as the result of ninety-four days' feeding had received "Standard Stock Food." The lot

showing the second lowest net profit had received "International Stock Food." In other words, of the seven lots receiving no condimental food, all of them gave a greater net profit than the one receiving International Stock Food.

Now, no one will deny that wheat bran, pepper, salt and charcoal may be good for livestock; but the question is, can we afford to buy these materials under a patent name and pay from \$200 to \$500 per ton for them, when they may be bought under their good, old fashioned names at from \$20 to \$25 per ton?

The question often arises, however, why is it, if these "foods" are all frauds, that so many honest and intelligent men think they have obtained profitable results from their use? The answer is not difficult. Sick animals get well without treatment—in many cases in spite of wrong treatment. Good food and care are the best tonics, and it should be remembered that when a man buys to the point of buying condition powders for an animal, that is, becomes willing to pay from \$200 to \$500 a ton for wheat bran to feed them, he is ready to give him the better care and food which alone would and does bring about the desired improvement in condition.

The County Mules.

Editor Times and Democrat: In reply to Mr. M. C. Ewins' card of 10th inst., relative to exposure of county mules, beg to answer him that it is very unnecessary to direct the attention of the County Commissioners to that matter—it is ever on their minds. I have asked various county Supervisors what provision they make for protecting mules and the invariable answer is, blanket them. We have been using blankets for quite awhile and in selecting a camp always try and locate the mule pen where least exposed to cold winds. Apart from that where sheds or barns are accessible we always use them with consent of the owner. More than that, a tick (a large piece of very strong and thick cloth) is now used on chain gang No. 1 and one is en route for chain gang No. 2.

It would afford me pleasure to compare mules belonging to my county with those of any county in the State or any property over which the County Commissioners have control.

OLIN M. DANTZLER,
County Supervisor.

Mr. Editor: Please allow me space in your paper to reply to Mr. M. C. Ewins' card, in reply I would say that I hardly think that my good and genial friend, Mr. Ewins, wishes to misrepresent any thing, but for the benefit of my friend, I would say that in addition to good blankets I have provided for the gang in my charge a fly, that is stretched in the mule pen, that shelters them from rain, sleet or snow, and I wish to impress on the mind of my friend that the welfare of those faithful animals, and the interest of the county ever rest on the minds of the Commissioners and Supervisor.

T. D. A. LIVINGSTON,
County Commissioner.

Lost Bonds Turn Up
The Columbia Record says some of the coupons for the celebrated Cornelison bonds have turned up. The state treasurer received them the other day with request for interest for the year 1901. Efforts are now being made to trace them, as they are now in the hands of the Palmetto bank, an innocent purchaser. The Cornelison bonds have an interesting history. There is just \$10,000 in the lot and they were held by Mr. Adolph Cornelison, brother of Mr. Geo. H. Cornelison. It will be remembered that Mr. Adolph Cornelison went from this place some years ago to Australia, where he died. He had these bonds with him, and after his death they could not be found. Efforts have been made to get the legislature to reimburse the heirs of the estate for the missing bonds. This has always been refused. The numbers of the bonds were obtained and when the 1901 interest coupons were sent down recently Mr. Geo. H. Cornelison, of this city, was notified. It is said that the bonds were brought from Australia by some one and sold on the New York market just after Mr. Adolph Cornelison died in 1901. Who sold them, or where they got them, is not known.

Death of Rev. N. L. Wiggins
A dispatch from Greenville to The State says: "Rev. N. L. Wiggins, the newly appointed pastor of S. Paul Methodist church, died Saturday after an illness covering the entire period of his residence in this city. He did not occupy his pulpit a single time since his appointment of this change in December. Rev. Mr. Wiggins came to Greenville from Cameron, his late charge. Since he had been in Greenville he had made many friends, notwithstanding the fact he was too ill the greater portion of the time to leave his home. He is survived by his wife and two children." Mr. Wiggins had many friends in this county who will read the above with regret.

The Old maids' convention.
There will be such a convention next Friday night, where the old maids will discuss ways and means of making themselves attractive to the sterner sex. There will be many a laugh. Good music will be rendered. The last part of program will consist of ten magnificent pictures or status poses under colored light. Ticket sale opens Wednesday morning at nine o'clock at Lowman's Drug Store. Prices 15, 25 and 35 cents. Curtain rises at fifteen minutes past eight o'clock. This entertainment is for the benefit of the Paul McMichael Chapter, U. D. C., under direction of Miss Anna L. Dunkel, of Philadelphia, Pa.

A Sad Death.
Mrs. W. J. Barrs died at her home at Branchville on last Friday, after a brief illness. She was a member of the Baptist Church, and exemplified in her life the religion she professed. She had only lived at Branchville a little more than one year, but she had made many friends in her new home. Mrs. Barrs left a husband and four children to mourn her death. They have the consolation of knowing that their loved one is happy in the upper and better world with loved ones gone before.

DOINGS OF SOCIETY.

SOME OF THE FUNCTIONS GIVEN LAST WEEK.

Many Social Gatherings That Were Greatly Enjoyed by Those Who Attended Them.

Mrs. H. C. Wannamaker was the hostess to the Social Club Friday afternoon. The guests were twenty in number and the pleasures of six hand-euchre were enjoyed for a couple of hours, after which dainty refreshments in two courses were served. Those present were Messrs. E. C. Duval, H. L. Geizer, F. F. Malpass, L. H. Wannamaker, W. A. Hutchinson, A. C. Ligon, R. H. Jennings, J. A. Berry, J. C. Pike, A. H. Moss, W. D. Jeffords, J. Stokes, Salley, Fred Wannamaker, W. P. Pollock, E. N. Scoville, Fred Moore, of New York; Raymond Bryn, Misses Margaret O'Bryan, M. L. Hope, Margaret Daniels and M. L. Hope.

St. Valentine's Day was appropriately celebrated Thursday evening by the Colonial Club at the home of Mrs. John Cart. The house was elaborately decorated in red hearts and crepe paper and from a gipsy tent in the hall punch was served during the evening. Miss Gladys Cart as Cupid, ushered in the guests. Eight tables were arranged for whist and valentine score cards were given each pair. Delightful refreshment in several courses were served. Enjoying the evening were: M. L. James H. C. Wannamaker, W. K. Sease, J. A. Berry, L. H. Wannamaker, W. A. Hutchinson, G. M. Seignious, A. H. Moss, W. S. Lining, Fred Moore, Misses Duval and Kate Bull, Jeanie Mae Wannamaker, Dolly Wannamaker, Anne Hay and M. L. Freeman; Messrs. W. K. Sease, H. C. Wannamaker, J. A. Berry, L. H. Wannamaker, W. A. Hutchinson, G. M. Seignious, A. H. Moss, W. S. Lining, Norman Salley James Albertgott, Henry Slater and John W. Filley.

AT HOME
Mrs. W. D. Jeffords and Mrs. J. C. Pike were at home to their many friends Tuesday afternoon of last week in honor of Mrs. Fred Moore and Miss M. L. Freeman, of New York. The parlors were thrown in one and prettily decorated in pot plants and violets. Six-handed euchre was played and enjoyed. Miss Dolly Wannamaker making the highest score, received the silver hat brush which she gracefully presented to Miss Freeman, one of the guests of honor. Miss M. L. Slater took the consolation, a silver pot salve box. Two courses of delightful refreshments were then served the guests. Those present were: Messdames W. K. Sease, G. M. Seignious, L. H. Wannamaker, H. C. Wannamaker, T. A. Jeffords, W. A. Hutchinson, A. H. Moss, John Cart, T. H. Wannamaker, F. F. Malpass, J. A. Berry, W. S. Lining, R. H. Jennings, E. N. Scoville, McRay, Raymond Bryant, Fred Wannamaker, Fred Moore, J. Stokes Salley, Misses Kate and Dot Bull, Jeanie Mae Wannamaker, Dolly Wannamaker, M. L. Slater, Annie Hay, Felicia Consolm, M. L. Freeman, Margaret O'Bryan and Simmons of Charleston.

THE DIXIE CLUB.

One of the most enjoyable entertainments of the week was the reception given on Wednesday afternoon by the Dixie Club at the handsome home of Mrs. H. C. Wannamaker. The whole lower floor was decorated in hearts and thrown open to the guests. In the dining room red, white and blue was the color scheme and St. Valentine's Day was faithfully carried out. Red hearts were fastened from the chandelier to the four corners of the table and also festooned the tablecloth. Mrs. Fred Wannamaker served fruit punch and pouring the coffee were Mrs. E. N. Scoville and Mrs. John S. Bowman. A delightful salad course was served and several interesting contests were enjoyed. Messdames E. C. Dible, T. A. Jeffords and L. H. Wannamaker carrying off the prizes. Some of those present were: Messdames W. K. Sease, J. A. Berry, E. C. Duval, W. A. Albertgott, A. H. Moss, W. A. Hutchinson, F. H. Wannamaker, G. M. Seignious, Fred Wannamaker, T. A. Jeffords, E. C. Dible, H. L. Geizer, F. F. Malpass, L. H. Wannamaker, T. A. Jeffords, W. D. Melron, A. C. Ligon, N. H. Bull, S. H. Crum, J. A. Salley, J. S. Bowman, L. P. McGee, J. M. Web, Stokes Salley, E. N. Scoville, Shelley Scoville, J. E. Glover, Raymond Bryant, W. G. Smith, Fred Moore, W. D. Jeffords, L. H. Wannamaker, R. H. Jennings, W. L. Moseley, Joan Cart, E. Wannamaker, and Misses M. L. Hope, Margaret Daniels, L. C. Sheridan, Fannie Beckman, Kittle Albertgott, Hay, Slater, Simmons, R. J. Thomson, O'Bryan and Lula Harvin.

Burned to Death.

A sad and painful accident occurred in this city on Monday of last week which resulted the following Thursday in the death of Margaret Dickson, relict of the late Henry Dickson, a highly respected and well-to-do colored citizen of this city. The unfortunate woman, who was quite aged, attempted to burn out a chimney with some old newspapers, when her dress caught on fire, and before it could be extinguished she was so badly burned that she died a few days after the occurrence. The deceased was a good woman, and her tragic death is lamented by all of our citizens who knew her.

Fatally Burned.

At an early hour Wednesday morning the infant child of Mr. John B. Cleary, of the Trinity section of Newberry county, was fatally burned, the child succumbing to the injuries at noon. The child was playing before a fire in the house, the mother being absent from the room at the time. In some way the clothes of the little boy caught fire and before the flames could be extinguished the body had been terribly burned. Death relieved the little fellow from his suffering at about 11 o'clock of the same day.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock's Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

SOUTHERN COTTON ASSOCIATION

An Interesting Meeting Held at St. Matthews.

An interesting meeting of the Southern Cotton Association was held at St. Matthews last Friday, with President J. E. Wannamaker presiding. After a few introductory remarks President Wannamaker called on Mr. H. A. Raynor to give his views of the situation. In complying Mr. Raynor denied being a bear, but did not see much chance of cotton going up unless the farmers in the Southwest would hold their cotton as the farmers of this section of the country was doing. President Wannamaker said he was glad to hear that Mr. Raynor was not a bear. The farmer and spinner ought to fix the price of their cotton and not the speculator and gambler. Had it not been for the meeting at New Orleans last year, the price of cotton would not be as high as it is now. It is only by standing together that the farmer can fix the price of cotton. If New England had the monopoly of cotton production that the South has she would show us how to make money out of it. President Wannamaker then introduced Prof. Benson, formerly of Clemson College but now connected with the United States Department of Agriculture.

Prof. Benson said that while he was down here on other business, he was glad to speak a word to the meeting on diversification of crops, which he thought was the true solution of the low price of cotton. He said while the National Agricultural Department was in thorough sympathy and accord with the Southern Cotton Association its work was along different lines. It was his business to go about trying to induce the farmers to diversify their crops. The professor made a splendid speech, advising the farmers to plant grain and grasses and raise stock of all kinds. We wish every farmer in Orangeburg County could have heard his excellent speech.

President Wannamaker then introduced Dr. W. W. Ray, President of the Richmond County Cotton Association, who made one of his usual bright and witty speeches, which was thoroughly enjoyed by all who heard it. The Doctor said the panacea for most of our troubles was membership in the Southern Cotton Association. Everybody could be in the association and they should be in it. He said he regarded it as a reflection on the farmers for any one to say that they would not stick together and demand their rights. He interspersed his speech with anecdotes, which kept the crowd in a most excellent humor. The Doctor is a most genial gentleman, as well as a most entertaining speaker.

President Wannamaker gave his reasons for saying that the remnant of the crop now on hand should not be sold for less than fifteen cents per pound. He also called attention to a card he was sending out to the landowners of the county asking for certain information regarding next year's crop, which is fully explained in another column. A resolution was adopted by the meeting pledging a reduction of acreage. After which the meeting was declared adjourned.

Want to Back.

Recommendations that legal proceedings be instituted to recover campaign contributions made by the New York Life Insurance company were submitted to the trustees of that company by the special investigating committee headed by Thomas P. Fowler at New York on Wednesday.

The report states that there is no record on the books of the company to show that campaign contributions were given, but that information was obtained from the testimony of President McCall and Vice President George W. Perkins, on the stand before the Armstrong committee. The following recommendation is then made:

Your committee therefore recommends that special counsel be retained forthwith to institute such legal proceedings as may be necessary to recover the sums so contributed from such officers and trustees of the company as in the judgment of counsel are liable therefor."

The campaign contributions referred to were made for Republican campaign purposes and aggregated \$148,702 divided as follows: \$50,000 in 1896, \$50,000 in 1900 and \$48,702 in 1904.

Seriously Hurt.

Lawrence Haigler, a colored bricklayer of this city, but who has been living at St. Matthews for some months, got caught in the machinery of the oil mill at Cameron on Thursday and was severely injured. It seems that Haigler and another bricklayer went to Cameron to do some brick work and went to the oil mill to visit a friend who was employed there. In passing Haigler got caught in one of the belts and would have been killed instantly but for the fact that the belt gave way.

Orangeburg needs a day electric current for running all sorts of machinery. We believe it would pay handsomely if the Commissioners of Public Works would supply it. When the Messrs. Addison owned the electric lighting plant they supplied a day current to all who wanted it. There is much greater use for it now than there was then, and we believe it would bring many small industries to this city.

Stabbed to Death.

Charlie Emerson, a farmer was stabbed to death on the streets of Lamar, Darlington county, on Saturday night. It is not known who did it, but two negroes are suspected and are under arrest.

Killed His Brother.

Two negro boys, Babe and Jek Pitts, brothers, aged 18 and 20, got into a difficulty in Piccadilly county on Sunday night when Babe shot and killed Jek with a pistol. Both were under the influence of liquor.

Every lady who once takes McCall's Magazine will never do without it. You can get yours free by trading ten dollars with J. C. Ramsdale.

When you wish a Thresher remember J. W. Smoak sells the best.

LAND OWNERS.

TENANTS AND SHARE CROPPERS OF ORANGEBURG COUNTY.

Read the Article Sure to Answer the Postal Cards.

The following article from Mr. J. E. Wannamaker, President of the Cotton Association explains itself; On all sides people who love to wag their tongues, reinforced by the professional bears, are saying, "The farmers are going to plant the whole earth in cotton this year, the farmers are going to plant the roads and fence corners in cotton," to ad nauseam. Now, I do not believe this. Our farmers are not all fools. Our bitter experience has cost us millions. We have paid for it let us profit by it. We all know there is much more clear money in a small crop of cotton than in a "bumper" crop. Experience and wisdom unite in urging us again and again to limit production by curtailing the acreage. The supply of cotton must be in keeping with the world demand; otherwise we are at the mercy of our enemies. Therefore, to find out who are our friends and to settle the question of acreage and other important questions necessary to the good of all our people, white and black, I will, about the 24th of February, mail to each and every land owner in the county a postal card with paid return postal reply attached. I write to the land owners, because the name and post-office of each land owner is known and because it seems to me to be the cheapest, the simplest and most effective way to obtain valuable and important information desired. All tenants and share-croppers are earnestly requested and urged to heartily cooperate with land owners to the end that the plan may be a complete success. And all land owners are earnestly requested to take this matter up promptly with tenants and share-croppers, and prepare themselves and to answer intelligently the questions asked and to mail the reply postal card or about the 4th of March. The reply postal card is directed to the President of Orangeburg Cotton Association; on the reverse side are questions to be answered and blank spaces to be filled out under the years 1904, 1905, 1906, as to cotton acreage planted and to be planted, and number of plows to cultivate same in 1906; also statistics as to acreage in corn, oats and other crops for 1905 and 1906. A blank space is to be filled with acreage planted by land owner, and a separate blank space for renters and share-croppers.

When the returns are all in I confidently expect a substantial reduction in cotton acreage from last year of at least 8 or 10 per cent. I have submitted my postal card scheme to the state officers of the Southern Cotton Association. They heartily approve of it, and I have every reason to believe it will be made effective not only throughout this state, but in every county of the entire cotton belt. Cotton growers, stand together!

Gone to His Reward.

Mr. O. E. Gardner died at his home near North on Sunday evening after a long illness with Bright's disease. Mr. Gardner was a most excellent man and had many friends all over this county who will regret to learn of his death. He was a member of the Methodist Church and was a consistent Christian man. He was about fifty seven years of age. His wife and seven children survive him. These loved ones have the sweet consolation of knowing that in the land that is fairer than day there will be a glorious reunion.

A Story Follow.

The sorriest man on earth is the fellow, who will sit around and curse his own town. If I lived astride of the north pole I would call it home and be ready to toast it up. If I could not say anything nice about it I would say that my ice ball didn't come high; I would not stay in a town I had to curse—not while the world is as big as it is now.

Fell Heavily to Stand.

The Microphone Journal says that one microphone breaks 140,000,000 in a day. This seems incredible but the force of it is even more dispiriting. We haven't counted them, and until we can take a day off from business matters to do this bit of census work the Journal's count will have to stand.

Take a Day Off.

Wives and husbands should take some pleasure as they go along, and not degenerate into mere toiling machines. Recreation is necessary to keep the heart in its place, and to get along without it is a big mistake.

Dr. Taylor's lectures were greatly enjoyed by all who heard them. There is nothing how much good can be accomplished by the work Dr. Taylor is doing.

Impossible to foresee an accident. Not impossible to be prepared for it. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Monarch over pain.

We invite special attention to the advertisement of the Scrap Book in the third page. This is a new magazine and a most excellent one it is to be.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to. Burdock Blood Bitters cures. At any drug store.

A Little Colored Girl was Accidentally Burned to Death on Mr. J. P. Fogles place in the Fork recently.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Dr. J. C. Ramsdale. At any drug store, 50 cents.

This is a cold cold world but you can get some comfort by getting the best underwear, to be found at J. C. Ramsdale.

Clothing in abundance to please the 4 year old boy to the fond old Grandpa. J. C. Ramsdale.

MURDER AT CRENSHAW.

A Negro Boy Kills a Negro Man For His Money.

On last Saturday afternoon just before dark George Hopkins, a negro boy, shot and killed Joe Brown, a negro man, at Crenshaw on the Atlantic Coast Line Railway. Brown was employed by the railroad to attend to the pump, and was in what is known as the pump house when Hopkins shot him. The ball passed through the body of Brown and he died almost instantly. Hopkins when he did the shooting was on the outside of the house and shot through a small opening in the wall. Brown, his victim, not being aware of his presence. The object of the murder was robbery, as Brown had been paid off that day. When killed, however, he only had five cents on his person as he had paid up some debts before he was shot. Hopkins, who is about sixteen years of age, is what may be termed a badascal. It is said that he had at different times threatened to kill other people in and around Crenshaw. His victim was an honest, hardworking man, and we hope the law will avenge his cruel death by hanging Hopkins. Mr. Murray, the railroad agent at Crenshaw, wired Sheriff Dukes of the murder, and it was not long before he had Hopkins in the county jail, where he will remain until court meets in May.

Commissioners Report.

Office of Sec. Com. Pub. Works, Orangeburg, S. C., Feb. 1, 1906.

To the City Council and Commissioners Public Works.

I respectfully submit this report of the receipts and disbursements of my office of Secretary Commissioner Public Works, for the month of January, 1906:

No balance brought from December.....

Received during the month.....\$ 1,400 96

Disbursed during the month..... 530 37

Balance.....\$ 870 59

Transferred back to City Treas. Acct..... 203 61

Balance in hand to this date.....\$ 666 98

Sources of Receipts.

Water rents.....\$ 349 48

E. Current..... 820 88

Materials..... 230 30

Total.....\$ 1,400 96

Detailed Disbursements.

A. C. L. R. Co., freight on Hydrants.....\$ 18 53

Orangeburg & Fur Co supplies Nov. and Dec..... 6 98

H. VonOlson, repairs for P. House Selt to Dec..... 66 00

So. Railway Co., freight on Oil. L. Benet, Work on engine Dec..... 3 04

A. C. L. R. Co., freight on Oil tanks..... 4 00

E. B. Brown, digging ditch Sandle tap..... 9 31

A. C. L. R. Co. freight on water meters..... 2 13

Wannamaker, Smoak & Co. lamps for Station..... 12 07

Addison, S. Mers, digging ditch Scoville tap..... 75

Ayers & Williams, cement and salt..... 7 85

Jas. L. Sims, Stationery, 1905..... 2 30

So. Express Co., charge on gas-kets and belting..... 1 80

S. H. Thomson, labor at P. d..... 14 00

Doubleday-Hill Electric Co. Materials and Supplies..... 42 33

Springfield Elevator and Pump Co. Feed pump parts..... 7 00

S. F. Bowser & Co. oil tanks & pumps..... 109 25

So. Railway Co. freight on oils..... 2 88

So. Ex. Co. charge on brushings..... 30

Steel City Electric Co. bushings..... 32

Power House pay roll..... 277 68

Total in vouchers Nos 1 to 21 inclusive.....\$530 37

Respectfully submitted,

L. H. Wannamaker, Sec.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., props.

Tuldeo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Public is Aroused.

The public is aroused to a knowledge of the curative merits of the medicinal tonic, Electric Bitters, for sick stomach, liver and kidneys. Mary H. Walters, of 546 S. Clair Ave., Columbus, O., writes: "For several months, I was given up to die. I had fever and ague, my nerves were wrecked; I could not sleep, and my stomach was so weak, from useless doctors' drugs, that I could not eat. Soon after beginning to take Electric Bitters I obtained relief, and in a short time I was entirely cured." Guaranteed at Wannamaker Mfg. Co.'s drug store; price 50c.

Happily Married.

On Wednesday evening of last week W. H. Rousseau, the local manager of the telephone exchange, and Miss Belle Mackay were married, the Rev. J. L. S. Hilly (clergy). The marriage, which took place at the bride's home, was a very quiet one, only the near relatives of the contracting parties being present. The bride is a daughter of Mr. W. A. Mackay, of this city, and is a most charming young lady. The happy young couple will be at home to their friends at Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Fajrey, with whom they will reside.

Fighting Foley's Honey and Tar.